



Guatemala is doing energy storage

What is Guatemala's energy source?

This page is part of Global Energy Monitor's Latin America Energy Portal. In 2018, Guatemala derived 57.43% of its total energy supply from biofuels and waste, followed by oil (29.54%), coal (7.68%), hydro (3.22%), and other renewables such as wind and solar (2.12%).

How much electricity does Guatemala have?

As of 2020, Guatemala had 4110 MW of installed electrical capacity, based primarily on hydro power (38.38%), fossil fuels (30.36%), and biomass (25.20%). Other renewable sources represented a much smaller percentage of capacity, including wind (2.61%), solar (2.25%) and geothermal energy (1.20%).

How is electricity regulated in Guatemala?

Guatemala's electricity industry is regulated by the General Electricity Act (Ley General de Electricidad) and the CNEE (Comisi3n Nacional de Energ;a El3ctrica). The DGH (General Direction of Hydrocarbons) regulates the hydrocarbon sub-sector.

What does Mem do in Guatemala?

A critical pillar for achieving Guatemala's goals is the reduction of deforestation. MEM (Ministerio de Energ;a y Minas) is responsible for policy development, planning, and programming of all things related to the energy sector.

Does Guatemala produce natural gas?

The country produces 1,162 bbl/day of refined petroleum products. Guatemala does not produce any natural gas. Guatemala consumed 89,000 bbl/day as of 2016 of refined petroleum products. Oil and gas is imported primarily from the United States and Mexico.

Does Guatemala produce coal?

Guatemala does not produce coal. As of 2016, Guatemala consumed 1,751,571 tons of coal, approximately 105,624 per capita annually. Guatemala imports all of the coal it consumes, primarily from Colombia and the United States.



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